

The Last Book

by v8karlo@gmail.com

Zagreb, Croatia

Chapter Three

Q , the smart device.

It will make you laugh.

The Q device

After you make your working device,
come back to this page and click below link **DONATE**
to help me!

DONATE
CLICK HERE

- . Device is easily reproducible, 1 day is needed to build it. Mostly because of controller.
- . Very few cheap parts and simple design.
- . There is trifilar transformer involved on ferite core. Spikes.
- . Device is spikes hungry.
- . The source of extra energy is known.
- . It is full cycle AC output and output voltage is equal and more then input voltage because of trifilar coil. Spikes.
- . Most of the output energy is returned to source

Q Device

From chapter two The Zero Device you all know that Free Energy is real.

The Q device comes for smart device (IQ or just Q).

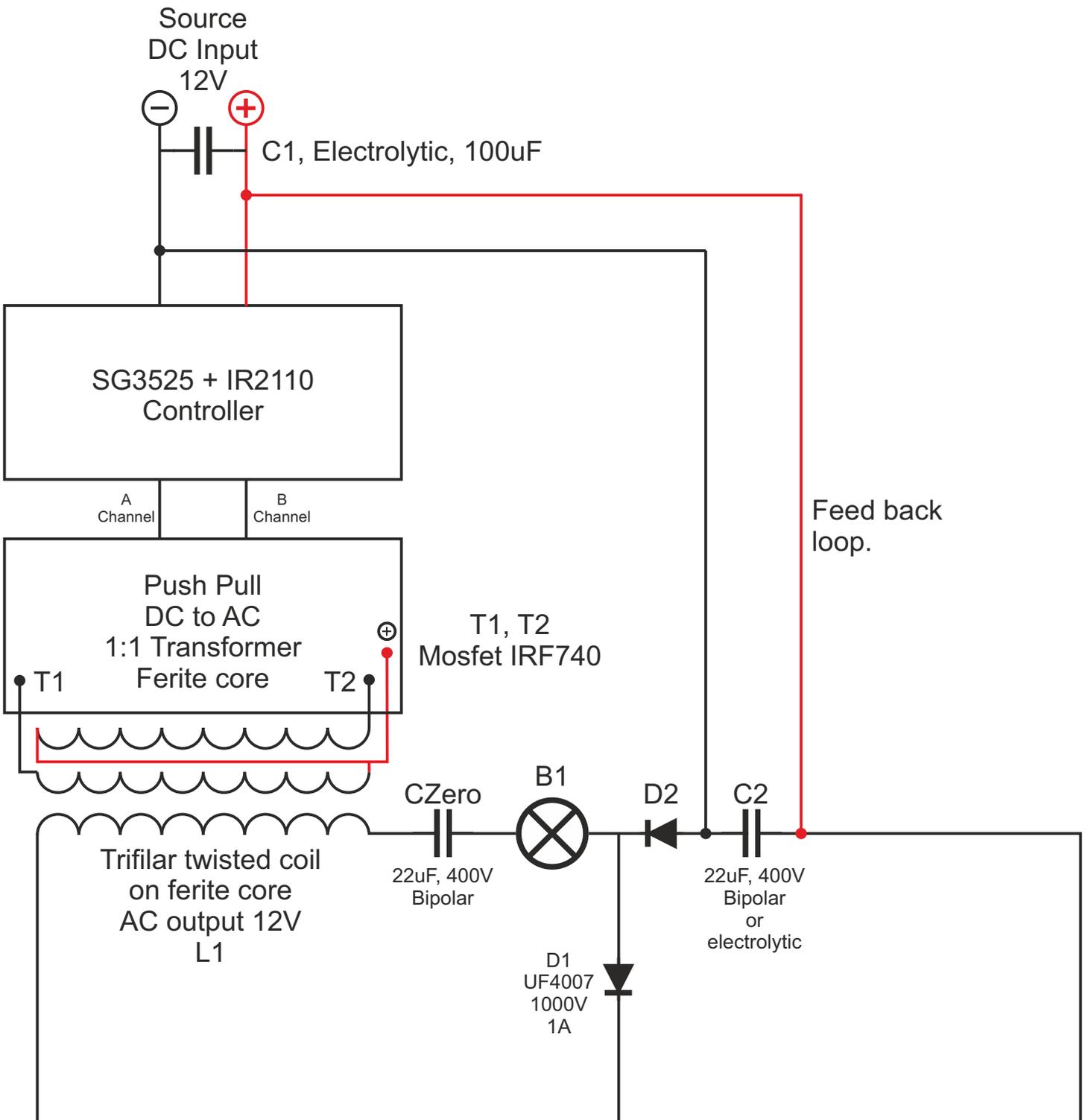
The Q device is simpler than Zero device and it has feedback which returns good portion of energy to source while light bulb B1 at same time.

CZero is pumping capacitor.

Device is AC input device and works in 2 phases. In this case square wave waveform.

Have you ever wonder how simple it could be? Now you can laugh!!!

Input frequency can be any desired frequency, you choose.

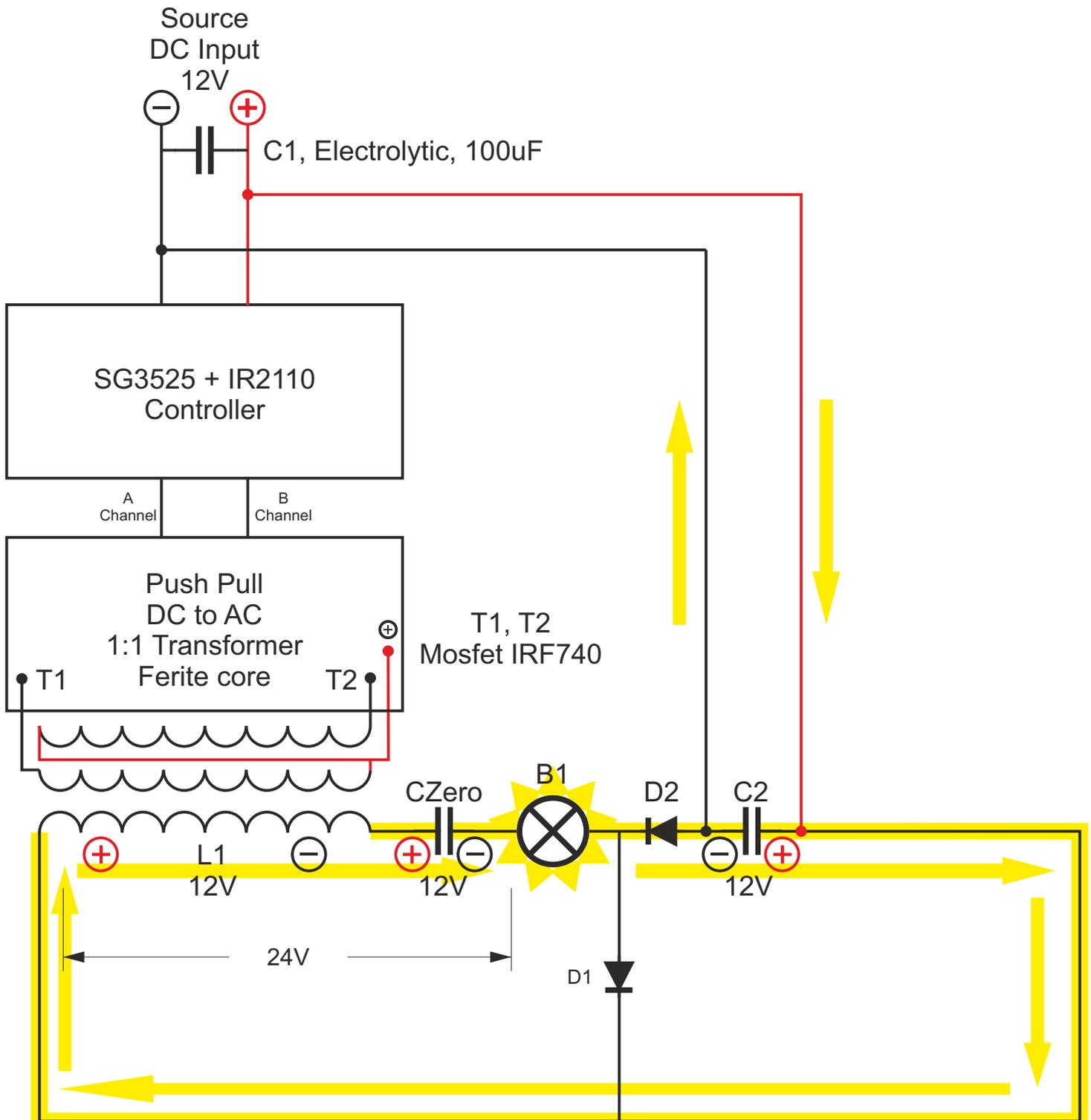


Phase two

On the left side of L1 is plus on the right side of L1 is minus.
Current is moving from minus to plus.

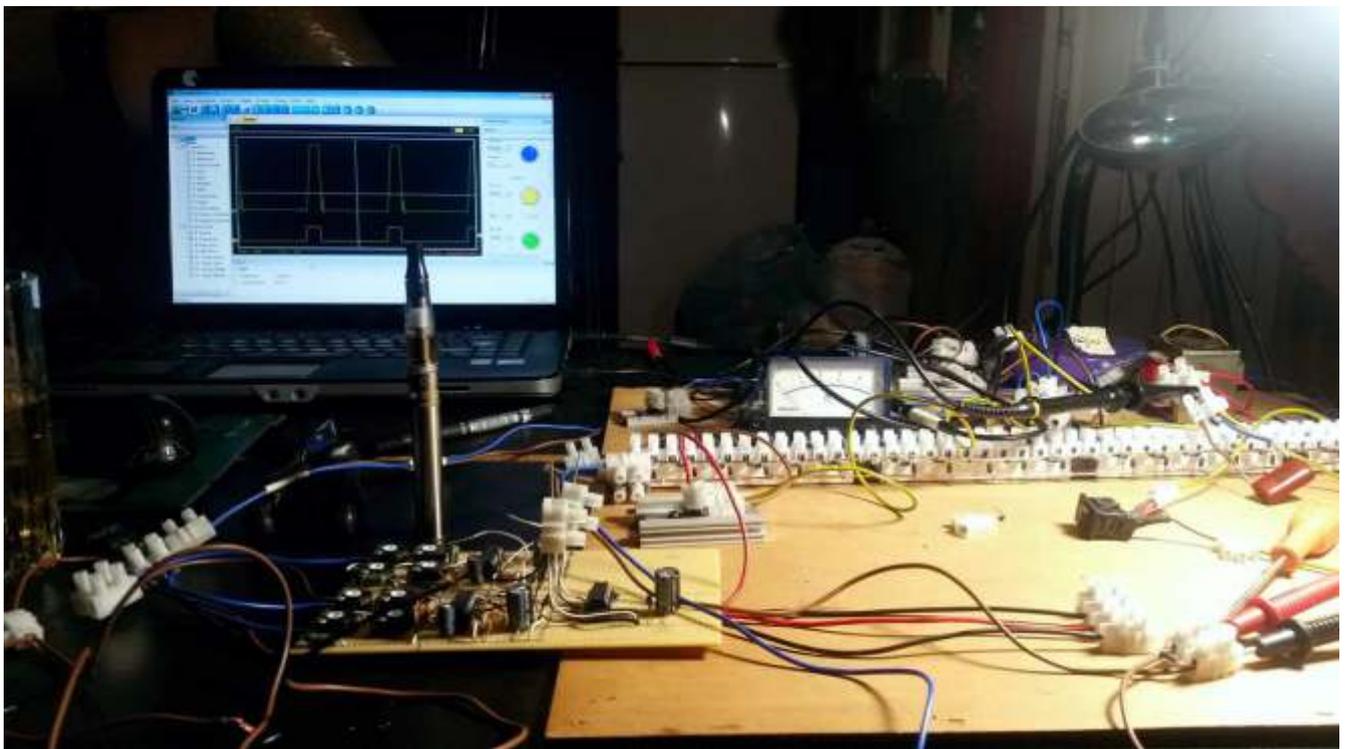
Current from L1 is passing through bulb B1 and filling C2 at same time.

L1 is in serial connection with CZero so voltage on that line is
 $L1\ 12V + CZero\ 12V = 24V$. So the difference between 24V and C2 12V = 12V.
12V is passing through bulb B1 and **B1 is light up with 12V**.
C2 is charged with additional 12V to 24V and C2 transfers additional 12V to source
via feedback line.
Current is moving through bulb B1 and feeding back source at same time.



Twisted trifilar coil on ferite core





Note:

12V AC on L1 output is example.

If you pulse trifilar coil on ferite with few kHz there will be lots of spikes present which can raise voltage to 400-1000V, depends on coil.

Device loves spikes and spikes can be used.

Device has feedback loop so energy is returned to source.

The energy has been captured. It is not lost.

Bulb B1 is light up in both 2 phases.

Can you imagine that this is principle of BootStrap capacitor method for driving mosfets?

It's been there all the time but nobody looked at it. How to raise voltage on BootStrap capacitor for mosfet driving? **It was there all the time!**

Overall, how much device spends? **A little, it feeds itself.**

Now you see, how hard was that? **LAUGHING?** Not yet! **You will!**

Is it smart enough? Can it be smarter?

YES!

If you are satisfied feel free to DONATE and
help me!

DONATE
CLICK HERE